

Interface regulation to enhance electrochemical energy storage

Can interface regulation improve heterostructure electrochemical performance?

Specifically, the high capacity of 996.0 mAh g⁻¹ is achieved at 5A g⁻¹ after 1000 rounds, demonstrating remarkable lithium storage performance. This research presents a promising approach to enhance heterostructure electrochemical performance through interface regulation strategies.

Does interface regulation increase active sites for lithium-ion storage?

In this study, an interface regulated ZnS@MoS₂ heterostructure was achieved through a designed solvothermal strategy. The designed strategy introduces interface regulation in the heterostructure, increasing active sites for lithium adsorption and improving the overall dynamics of lithium-ion storage.

Does interface regulation improve lithium storage performance in ZnS@MoS₂ heterostructures?

Overall, the interface regulation strategy employed in this study yields uniform ZnS@MoS₂ heterostructures with remarkable lithium storage performance. The interface regulation approach presented in this work provides a simple yet effective strategy for fabricating uniform ZnS@MoS₂ heterostructures with outstanding lithium storage capabilities.

Why is interface regulation important in metal sulfide anode materials?

The interface regulation strategy proves instrumental in mitigating volume expansion issues in metal sulfide anode materials. Introducing nanostructures through interface regulation prevents agglomeration during the synthesis process and enhances the number of interfaces within the heterostructure.

Does the interface regulated ZnS@MoS₂ heterostructure promote electrochemical performance?

During the charging process, the lithium diffusion rate is elevated confirming the promotion in kinetics brought by the interface regulated ZnS@MoS₂ heterostructure (Figure S10). The lithium-ion full cells were assembled to elucidate the excellent electrochemical performance in the interface regulated ZnS@MoS₂ heterostructure.

Does interface regulation affect lithium storage kinetics?

To validate the impact of interface regulation on the lithium storage kinetics, CV tests of MoS₂-ZnS are conducted with the same scan rate and the result is put in Fig. 3 (b). The CV plots of MoS₂-ZnS have similar peaks of the ZnS@MoS₂ which implies a similar lithium storage mechanism.

Electrode interphases are vital for energy storage performance, regulating ion transport and preventing side reactions. In a recent Journal of the American Chemical Society study, Wang et al. investigated how multi-salt ...

... "" ...

By addressing these interfacial challenges, the insights presented here pave the way for designing high-performance ZMBs, offering directions for future research into scalable ...

The increasing global energy demand and pollution generated by energy production present significant challenges [1, 2]. To address the need for efficient power sources, renewable energy storage systems such as electric double layer capacitors (EDLCs) have achieved substantial success [3, 4] EDLCs, energy is produced through the formation of a ...

Aqueous zinc ion batteries (AZIBs), renowned for their high theoretical energy density, safety, cost-effectiveness and eco-friendliness, offer immense potential in the realm of energy storage and ...

Of late years, external field enhanced electrochemistry has emerged as an innovative approach with promising potential for achieving highly effective energy conversion and storage. In electrochemical reactions, various external fields have been demonstrated to exert beneficial impacts, whether directly or indirectly.

The security of lithium-ion batteries is a serious problem due to the use of liquid electrolytes. In order to improve this issue, solid-state batteries are considered the next-generation energy storage devices due to their safety characteristics and potential high energy density compared to conventional ones. However, there are still some challenges hindering ...

Improving electrocatalytic activities of FeCo_2O_4 @ FeCo_2S_4 @PPy electrodes by surface/interface regulation. Author links open overlay panel ... improvement of their electrochemical energy storage performance is still a great challenge work. ... The pre-intercalation strategy can greatly enhance the electrochemical performance of vanadium ...

Aqueous zinc ion batteries (AZIBs), renowned for their high theoretical energy density, safety, cost-effectiveness and eco-friendliness, offer immense potential in the realm of energy storage and conversion, finding applications in renewable energy and portable devices. However, the development of AZIBs still faces several challenges related to the electrochemical behavior of ...

Interface Microenvironment Regulation of Pitch/Pan-Derived Hydrophilic Porous Nanofiber by Water/Solvent Pore Formation Process for Electrochemical Energy Storage. 21 Pages Posted: 1 Feb 2025. See all articles by Kun Qiao Kun Qiao. ... We use cookies to help provide and enhance our service and tailor content.

1.2 Electrochemical Energy Conversion and Storage Technologies. As a sustainable and clean technology, EES has been among the most valuable storage options in meeting increasing energy requirements and carbon neutralization due to the much innovative and easier end-user approach (Ma et al. 2021; Xu et al. 2021; Venkatesan et al. 2022). For this ...

In the past few decades, electrochemical energy storage devices including rechargeable batteries and

supercapacitors have attracted significant attention due to their widespread applications in hybrid electric vehicles, smart portable electronics and industrial power and energy management [4], [5], [6] pared to batteries, supercapacitors stand out owing ...

Electrochemical energy storage and conversion can help improve the intermittence of renewable energy such as solar energy, wind energy and waves. In today's society, batteries and capacitors are typical representatives of electrochemical energy storage and conversion, and they have entered the commercial stage at present.

The higher Li⁺ diffusion coefficient and lower electron transfer resistance of the FMO-600 electrode enhance the reaction kinetics during discharge/charge processes, while the interface effect contributes to ...

Surface and Interface Engineering for Electrochemical Energy Storage and Conversion ... metal sulfide/phosphide, and metal single atom). It also analyzes the effects of morphology, surface, and interface regulation on ... to the deposition of Li metal on the "Li host" surface. Therefore, it is necessary to design a 3D "Li host" with enhanced ...

The widespread adoption of renewable energy is widely recognized as an inevitable approach to mitigate the increasing dependence on fossil fuels and address pressing concerns related to climate change and environmental impact [1, 2]. Within this context, aqueous zinc-ion batteries (AZIBs) have attracted significant attention due to the low redox potential (-0.76 V) ...

The growth of energy storage demand has boosted the development of efficient energy storage devices which need to have great advantages on long operating lifetimes and more multifunctional performances [1, 2]. Therefore, novel materials with various molecular structures, morphologies have emerged to improve different properties of energy storage ...

Interfacial interaction and built-in electric field regulation strategy is developed to construct (Ga_{1-x}Zn_x)(N_{1-x}O_x) (GaZnON) nanoparticles coupled with nitrogen-doped graphene (NG) (GaZnON@NG) via a simple and facile method. Advanced structural characterization and density functional theory (DFT) analysis reveals the strong bridging ...

To satisfy the increasing demand for advanced energy storage and electrochemical conversion devices, electrode materials with innovative electrochemical properties are much needed. Typically, crystalline nanomaterials have been produced for energy storage and conversion applications, but their electrochemical properties are primarily determined ...

Aqueous zinc-iodine (Zn-I₂) batteries show great potential as energy storage candidates due to their high-safety and low-cost, but confronts hydrogen evolution reaction (HER) and dendrite growth at anode side and polyiodide shuttling at cathode side. Herein, "tennis racket" (TR) hydrogel electrolytes were prepared by the co-polymerization and co-blending of ...

Rechargeable batteries and supercapacitors are widely investigated as the most important electrochemical energy storage devices nowadays due to the booming energy demand for electric vehicles and hand-held electronics. ... Therefore, the $\text{Sb}_2\text{O}_3/\text{Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$ anodes exhibited enhanced electrochemical performance. $\text{Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$ MXene was ...

Herein, we reported an interface engineering of Zr-MOF/ Ni_2P @NF by introducing Ni_2P nanostructures at the interfaces for both acidic and alkaline HER. The ratios of Ni_2P nanostructures at the Zr-MOF@NF interfaces were successfully manipulated by modifying the pyrolysis temperature. The manipulation of these ratios had an effect on the various aspects ...

Among them, the adsorption energy, charge density, and zinc ion diffusion paths calculated by density functional theory (DFT) are the most commonly used theoretical analysis methods for studying the interface evolution of the anode, which helps to further clarify the electrochemical reactions at the Fig. 27 Characterization techniques and ...

Compared to other dielectric materials like polymers, oxide-based ferroelectric materials typically exhibit higher P_{max} and P_{r} due to their larger spontaneous polarization, promising for energy storage [2], [6], [7]. A classic approach to promote energy storage performance involves combining ferroelectrics with materials of a different structure to reduce ...

Synergistic Effect of H-bond Reconstruction and Interface Regulation for High-Voltage Aqueous Energy Storage Advanced Energy Materials (IF 24.4) Pub Date : 2023-05-11, DOI: 10.1002/aenm.202300567

The development of efficient technologies for green and sustainable store energy is particularly critical to achieving the transformation from high reliance upon fossil fuels to the increased utilization of renewable energy. Electrochemical energy storage (EES) technology is becoming a key enabler behind renewable power. According to the principle of energy ...

The demand for large-scale energy storage devices, which should possess the advantages of low cost, high safety and environmental friendliness, has become increasingly urgent with the depletion of traditional fossil energy and associated environmental issues [1, 2]. Aqueous zinc-ion batteries (ZIBs) are considered to be the most promising alternatives to ...

With the addition of the lithium difluoro (oxalato)borate (LiDFOB), a robust, stable and low-resistance solid-electrolyte interface (SEI) layer is established during electrochemical ...

In this study, an interface regulated $\text{ZnS}@MoS_2$ heterostructure was achieved through a designed solvothermal strategy. The designed strategy introduces interface ...

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The desolvation of hydrated sodium ions ($\text{Na}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_x^+$) at the electrode/electrolyte interface is crucial for aqueous sodium-storage systems, but the rational ...

Abstract. Electrochemical energy storage has been instrumental for the technological evolution of human societies in the 20th century and still plays an important role nowadays. In this introductory chapter, we discuss the most important aspect of this kind of energy storage from a historical perspective also introducing definitions and briefly examining the most relevant topics of ...

Phase regulation indicates that the rutile phase (R-MnF_2) exhibits a smaller band gap and less volume variation compared to the fluorite phase. Additionally, cryo-electron ...

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